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Intel[®] Distribution for GDB* A Cross-Architecture Application Debugger

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Agenda

- Why Intel[®] Distribution for GDB*?
- Key features
- System Requirements Overview
- DPC++ Linux* Demo
- Debugging Multi-Tile GPU
- C++: Debugging OpenMP* offload
- Other Debug Capabilities
- Demo: CLI on Linux
- Demo: Visual Studio Code via SSH

Why Intel[®] Distribution for GDB*?

Overview

- Companion tool to Intel compilers and libraries
- Cross-architecture debugging
- Unified debugging experience for oneAPI ecosystem
 - C, C++, SYCL, OpenMP, or Fortran
- Debug parallel and threaded applications
 - Single session for CPU and GPU code
 - Capable of handling thousands of threads simultaneously

Key features

- Command line debugging on the same machine: gdb-oneapi
- IDE Integration Visual Studio, Visual Studio Code
 - 2 machines required: CPU host and GPU target
- Device support:

Multi-node debugging	MPI applications	Not supported
Multi-thread debugging	On the same GPU	Supported
Multi-user debugging	On the same GPU	Not supported; GPU is blocked by the debugger
Multi-target debugging	debug GPU and CPU code in the same session	Supported

Windows*

Language Support	IDE Support	OS Support
Data Parallel C++ (DPC++)	Microsoft Visual Studio 2022*	Windows* 10, 64-bit
C \ C++	Visual Studio Code *	Windows* 11, 64-bit
Fortran		
OpenMP		
GPUs	CPUs	FPGA
Intel [®] Arc [™] Series	Intel [®] Core™ Processor family	Emulation device only
	Intel [®] Xeon [®] Processor family	
	Intel [®] Xeon [®] Scalable	

Linux*

Language Support	IDE Support	OS Support
Data Parallel C++ (DPC++)	Eclipse * (native)	Ubuntu* 20.04, 22.04
C \ C++	Visual Studio Code *	SLES* 15
Fortran		RHEL* 8, 9
OpenMP		
GPUs	CPUs	FPGA
GPUs Intel® Arc™ Series	CPUs Intel® Core™ Processor family	FPGA Emulation device only
GPUs Intel® Arc™ Series Intel® Data Center GPU Flex Series	CPUs Intel® Core™ Processor family Intel® Xeon® Processor family	FPGA Emulation device only

Intel® Distribution for GDB* Release Notes Intel® Distribution for GDB* System Requirements

Other Debug Capabilities

oneAPI Debug Tools and Variables

- Specified level of tracing for SYCL Plugin Interface:
 - SYCL_PI_TRACE={1,2,-1}
- GPU backends:
 - Profiling Tools Interfaces for GPU (PTI GPU) <u>Level Zero Tracer ze_tracer</u>
 - Intercept Layer for OpenCL <u>How to Use the Intercept Layer for OpenCL™</u> <u>Applications</u>
- OpenMP Offload:
 - LIBOMPTARGET_DEBUG={-1, 1, 2, 3}
- Compiler options more options are available Fortran!
- Clang Sanitizers, valgrind etc



- Basic:
 - Documentation & Code Samples
 - Intel[®] Distribution for GDB* Release Notes
 - Intel[®] Distribution for GDB* System Requirements
- Advanced:
 - <u>oneAPI Debug Tools at Intel® oneAPI Programming Guide</u>
 - <u>Get Started with OpenMP* Offload to GPU for the Intel®</u> <u>oneAPI DPC/C++ Compiler and Intel® Fortran Compiler</u>

DPC++ Linux* Demo (Command Line)

Array Transform Sample

- Prerequisites:
 - <u>Get Started Guide</u> to configure the debugger

Clone <u>oneAPI-samples</u>:

git clone <u>https://github.com/oneapi-src/oneAPI-samples.git</u>

cd oneAPI-samples/Tools/ApplicationDebugger/array-transform

Set oneAPI environment:

source /opt/intel/oneapi/setvars.sh

Array Transform Sample

- Enable i915 debug support in kernel persistently:
 - Requires sudo!
 - cat /etc/default/grub
 - Make sure your GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX_DEFAULT contains:

i915.debug_eu=1 drm.debug=0xa i915.enable_hangcheck=0
i915.debugger_timeout_ms=0

Enable i915 debug support in Kernel:

- cat /sys/class/drm/card*/prelim_enable_eu_debug
- Make sure the output is 1

Diagnostics Utility

For the default oneAPI installation:

 python3 /opt/intel/oneapi/diagnostics/latest/diagnostics.py --filter debugger_sys_check -force

Expected output:

```
Checks results:

Check name: debugger_sys_check

Description: This check verifies if the environment is ready to use gdb (Intel(R) Distri

bution for GDB*).

Result status: PASS

Debugger found.

libipt found.

libiga found.

i915 debug is enabled.

Environmental variables correct.
```

1 CHECK: 1 PASS, 0 FAIL, 0 WARNINGS, 0 ERRORS

Array Transform Sample on CPU

Build:

icpx -fsycl -g -O0 array-transform.cpp -o array-transform

Run:

ONEAPI_DEVICE_SELECTOR=*:cpu ./array-transform

Run under the debugger:

ONEAPI_DEVICE_SELECTOR=*:cpu gdb-oneapi --args ./array-transform

Array Transform Sample on GPU

Build:

icpx -fsycl -g -O0 array-transform.cpp -o array-transform

Run:

ONEAPI_DEVICE_SELECTOR=level_zero:gpu gdb-oneapi ./array-transform

Enable debugging:

export ZET_ENABLE_PROGRAM_DEBUGGING=1
export IGC EnableGTLocationDebugging=1

Run under the debugger:

ONEAPI_DEVICE_SELECTOR=level_zero:gpu gdb-oneapi --args ./array-transform

Debugging on GPU

- info inferiors make sure you are on GPU now
- info threads inspect threads
- thread 2.<Thread_number>:<SIMD_lane> switching between
 threads
- info locals print local threads variables
- disassemble see disassemble
- set scheduler-locking step step to the next

DPC++ Linux* Demo (Visual Studio Code - Remote)

Setting up VS Code

- Prerequisites:
 - <u>Get Started Guide</u> to configure the debugger for remote debugging
 - Setup oneAPI environment on target machine
- Install oneAPI extensions for VSC on remote
- Install <u>oneAPI-samples</u> via sample browser:



Install and setup the oneAPI Debug extension for VS Code



- Generate and setup a launch configuration
- Set environment variables
 - For debugging
 - For execution on GPU



Inspect variables

\sim Variables
∨ Locals
id0: 48
element: -133246256
result: -133247472
\sim this: 0xfffcfff80ec990
> in
> out
∨ index: {}
[0]: 48

	51	// kernel-start
	52	<pre>h.parallel_for(data_range, [=](id<1> index) {</pre>
	53	<pre>size_t id0 = GetDim(index, 0);</pre>
▶	54	<pre>int element = in[index]; // breakpoint-here</pre>
	55	<pre>int result = element + 50;</pre>
	56	if (id0 % 2 == 0) {
	57	result = result + 50; // then-branch
	58	} else {
	59	result = -1; // else-branch
	60	
	61	<pre>out[index] = result;</pre>
	62); });
	63	// kernel-end
	64	});
	65	

Inspect call stack

\sim CALL STACK				
> [12]	PAUSED			
✓ [13]	PAUSED ON BREAKPOINT			
<in-memory@0x5b974c0-0x5f59c70></in-memory@0x5b974c0-0x5f59c70>	!main::{lambda(autc			
<in-memory@0x5b974c0-0x5f59c70></in-memory@0x5b974c0-0x5f59c70>	!_ZTSZZ4mainENKUlRT			
> [14]	PAUSED			
> [15]	PAUSED			
> [16]	PAUSED			
> [17]	PAUSED			
> [18]	PAUSED			

	51	// kernel-start
	52	<pre>h.parallel_for(data_range, [=](id<1> index) {</pre>
	53	<pre>size_t id0 = GetDim(index, 0);</pre>
>	54	<pre>int element = in[index]; // breakpoint-here</pre>
	55	<pre>int result = element + 50;</pre>
	56	if (id0 % 2 == 0) {
	57	result = result + 50; // then-branch
	58	<pre>} else {</pre>
	59	<pre>result = -1; // else-branch</pre>
	60	
	61	<pre>out[index] = result;</pre>
	62	});
	63	// kernel-end
	64	});
	65	

Inspect GPU threads and SIMD Lanes

\sim oneapi gp	J THREADS	;		U
ThreadID	TargetID	Location	SIMD Lanes	
5	Thread 1.1	main:: {lambda(auto:1		
13	Thread 1.9	main:: {lambda(auto:1	-	
37	Thread 1.33	main:: {lambda(auto:1		
45	Thread 1.41	main:: {lambda(auto:1		

	51	// kernel-start
	52	<pre>h.parallel_for(data_range, [=](id<1> index) {</pre>
	53	<pre>size_t id0 = GetDim(index, 0);</pre>
>	54	<pre>int element = in[index]; // breakpoint-here</pre>
	55	<pre>int result = element + 50;</pre>
	56	if (id0 % 2 == 0) {
	57	result = result + 50; // then-branch
	58	} else {
	59	result = -1; // else-branch
	60	
	61	<pre>out[index] = result;</pre>
	62);
	63	// kernel-end
	64	});
	65	

Inspect GPU threads and SIMD Lanes

\sim selected lane	
Lane Number:	0
Thread Workgroup:	x:0,y:0,z:0
Work item Global Id:	x:48,y:0,z:0
Work item Local Id:	x:48,y:0,z:0
Execution Mask:	0xffff
Hit Lanes Mask:	0xffff
SIMD Width:	16

51	// kernel-start
52	h.parallel for(data range, [=](id<1> index) {
53	<pre>size_t id0 = GetDim(index, 0);</pre>
54	<pre>int element = in[index]; // breakpoint-here</pre>
55	<pre>int result = element + 50;</pre>
56	if (id0 % 2 == 0) {
57	result = result + 50; // then-branch
58	} else {
59	<pre>result = -1; // else-branch</pre>
60	
61	<pre>out[index] = result;</pre>
62	});
63	// kernel-end
64	});
65	

Debugging Multi-Tile GPU

ZE_AFFINITY_MASK

	Value	Behavior	
	0, 1	all devices and sub-devices are reported (same as default)	
	0	only device 0 is reported; with all its sub-devices	
	1	only device 1 is reported as device 0; with all its sub-devices	
	0.0	only device 0, sub-device 0 is reported as device 0	
	1.1	only device 1 is reported as device 0; with its sub-devices 1 and 2 reported as sub-devices 0 and 1, respectively	
(0.2, 1.3, 1.0, 0.3	both device 0 and 1 are reported; device 0 reports sub-devices 2 and as sub-devices 0 and 1, respectively; device 1 reports sub-devices 0 and 3 as sub-devices 0 and 1, respectively; the order is unchanged.	5 k

Selecting Different Devices

\$ gdb-oneapi --args ./array-transform

(gdb) info d	evices				
Location	Sub-device	Vendor Id	Target Id	Cores	Device Name
[3a:00.0]	_	0x8086	0x0bd5	1024	Intel(R) Graphics [0x0bd5]
* [9a:00.0]	_	0x8086	0x0bd5	1024	Intel(R) Graphics [0x0bd5]

\$ ZE AFFINITY MASK=0.0 gdb-oneapi --args ./array-transform

(gdb) info d	levices				
Location	Sub-device	Vendor Id	Target Id	Cores	Device Name
* [9a:00.0]	_	0x8086	0x0bd5	512	<pre>Intel(R) Graphics [0x0bd5]</pre>

\$ ZE_AFFINITY_MASK=1.0 gdb-oneapi --args ./array-transform

(0	gdb) info	devices				
	Location	Sub-device	Vendor Id	Target Id	Cores	Device Name
*	[3a:00.0]	_	0x8086	0x0bd5	512	<pre>Intel(R) Graphics [0x0bd5]</pre>
						-

Debugging OpenMP* Offload (C++)

Matmul build and run

Build:

- icpx -00 -g -fiopenmp -fopenmp-targets=spir64 matmul_offload.cpp -o matmul_debug
- Disable device optimizations:

export ZET_ENABLE_PROGRAM_DEBUGGING=1
export IGC_EnableGTLocationDebugging=1

Set up offloading:

- export OMP_TARGET_OFFLOAD="MANDATORY"
- Debug:
 - gdb-oneapi ./matmul_debug

QUESTIONS?



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